MERRIAM MOUNTAINS SPECIFIC PLAN

APPENDIX A

NOTICE OF PREPARATION

GPA 04-06; SP 04-006; R04-013; VTM5381; S04-035, S04-036, S04-037, S04-038; Log No. 04-08-028; SCH No. 2004091166

for the

DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

August 2007

GARY L. PRYOR



County of San Diego

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 SAN MARCOS OFFICE 338 VIA VERA CRUZ - SUITE 201 SAN MARCOS, CA 92069-2620 (760) 471-0730

EL CAJON OFFICE 200 EAST MAIN ST. SIXTH FLOOR EL CAJON, CA 92020-3912 (619) 441-4030

NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

September 30, 2004

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use will be the Lead Agency and will prepare an Environmental Impact Report in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act for the following projects. The Department is seeking public and agency input on the scope and content of the environmental information to be contained in the Environmental Impact Report. A Notice of Preparation document, which contains a description of the probable environmental effects of the project, can be reviewed on the World Wide Web at http://www.sdcdplu.org/dplu/ceqa_public_review.html, at the Department of Planning and Land Use (DPLU), Project Processing Counter, 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, California 92123 and at the public libraries listed below. Comments on the Notice of Preparation document must be sent to the DPLU address listed above and should reference the project number and name.

GPA 04-06, SP 04-06, R04-013, TM 5381, S04-035, S04-036, S04-037, S04-038, LOG NO. 04-08-028; MERRIAM MOUNTAINS SPECIFIC PLAN. The project is the development of a master-planned community integrating residential, commercial, recreational and open space land uses. The project will allow a maximum of 2,391 dwelling units with an overall density of 1.03 dwelling units per acre within the 2,320acre area. Residential density within the planning areas ranges from 0.5 dwelling units per acre to 20.0 dwelling units per acre. Approximately 1,820 acres of open space is retained. In addition, 12.9 acres of neighborhood commercial, 24 private parks, a public park, 21.3 miles of trails, and associated community facilities and infrastructure are proposed. The project would be developed in four phases over about 10 years. Approximately 12,000,000 cubic yards of earthwork, including rock crushing, would be required. No import or export of grading materials is planned. The project is located in an area of northern San Diego County known as the Merriam Mountains and covers 2,320 acres. The site is bounded by Interstate 15 (I-15) on the east, Deer Springs Road (S12) on the south, and Twin Oaks Valley Road on the west, with a small portion of the western edge of the site traversed by Twin Oaks Valley Road, and the northeast corner of the site traversed by Lawrence Welk Drive. The project is within the North County Metro and Bonsall Community Planning Areas within the unincorporated area of San Diego County. Comments on this Notice of Preparation document must be received no later than October 29 at 4:00 p.m. (a 30 day public review period). This Notice of Preparation can also be reviewed at the San Marcos Branch Library located at

#2 Civic Center Drive, San Marcos, CA 92069 and the Escondido Branch Library located at 239 South Kalmia Street, Escondido, CA 92025. A Public Scoping Meeting will be held to solicit comments on the scope of the EIR. This meeting will be held on October 13, 2004 at the Twin Oaks High School, 158 Cassou Road, San Marcos, CA 92069 beginning at 6:00 p.m. in the multi-purpose room. For additional information, please contact Maggie Loy at (858) 694-3736 or by e-mail at maggie.loy@sdcounty.ca.gov.

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GARY L. PRYOR DIRECTOR



County of San Miego

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EL CAJON OFFICE 200 EAST MAIN ST. - SIXTH FLOOR EL CAJON, CA 92020-3912 (619) 441-4030

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017

NOTICE OF PREPARATION DOCUMENTATION

DATE:

September 30, 2004

PROJECT NAME:

Merriam Mountains Specific Plan

PROJECT NUMBERS:

GPA 04-06, SP 04-06, R04-013, TM 5381, S04-035, S04-

036, S04-037, S04-038

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW NUMBER:

ER 04-08-028

PROJECT APPLICANT:

Joseph Perring, Stonegate Merriam Mountains, LLC, 27071

Cabot Road, Suite 106, Laguna Hills, CA

PROJECT LOCATION: The Merriam Mountains Specific Plan (SP) consists of approximately 2,320 acres located within the Merriam Mountains of northern San Diego County. The site is bounded by Interstate 15 (I-15) on the east, Deer Springs Road (S12) on the south, and Twin Oaks Valley Road on the west, with a small portion of the western edge of the site traversed by Twin Oaks Valley Road, and the northeast corner of the site traversed by Lawrence Welk Drive. Gopher Canyon Road is located approximately one mile north of the site. The project includes the Twin Oaks Valley Community in the southern portion of the site, Hidden Meadows Community in the eastern portion of the site, and the Bonsall Community in the northern portion of the site. Portions of the site are within the City of San Marcos and the City of Escondido sphere of influences, with no annexation anticipated. Figures 1 and 2 show the project on a regional and local scale. Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1088 F3, 62-4, H2-4, I-7; Page 1089 A2-7, B4-6, C6-7.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

<u>Project Design Overview:</u> The Merriam Mountains Specific Plan (SP) proposes to develop a master-planned community integrating residential, commercial, recreational and open space land uses. The Merriam Mountains SP will allow a maximum of 2,391 dwelling units with an overall density of 1.03 dwelling units per acre within the 2,320-acre SP area. Residential density within the planning areas ranges from 0.5 dwelling units per acre to 20.0 dwelling units per acre. The higher density planning areas are in Neighborhood 1, which is the gateway to Merriam Mountains at the Deer Springs Road /

I-15 interchange. The lower density planning areas are located in the north central and northern portions of the property, adjacent to the more semi-rural uses adjoining the SP area. To ensure compatibility with the rural charm of Twin Oaks Valley and Bonsall, approximately 1,820 acres of open space is retained in the eastern, northeastern, northern and western portions of the SP area. Figure 3 depicts the proposed project, including potential offsite improvements for roadways, emergency access, and utilities.

The SP will include policies and programs for the preservation and ongoing viability of the natural open spaces and direction for the development of 1,052 single-family detached units, 1,045 variable residential density (detached and attached/owned) units, and 194 multi-family dwelling (apartment/rented) units, 12.9 acres of neighborhood commercial, 24 private parks, 1 public park, 21.3 miles of trails, and associated community facilities and infrastructure. Approximately 1,820 acres within the project area would be designated as permanent open space with approximately 1,520 acres to be part of the regional open space preserve and corridor system.

Traffic and Circulation: Access to the SP area is provided from three primary locations, as shown on Figure 3. The southern primary entrances are Merriam Mountains Parkway and Meadow Park Lane. Merriam Mountains Parkway is planned as a four lane Collector that provides access to Deer Springs Road about 1.4 miles west of I-15. As Merriam Mountains Parkway traverses the project, it decreases to a modified Residential Collector, a two lane median divided road and then to a Rural Light Collector, a two lane undivided roadway. Meadow Park Lane will be a two lane Modified Rural Light Collector, a two lane median divided road that will intersect Deer Springs Road approximately 1.4 miles west of I-15. As Meadow Park Lane traverses the project it decreases to a Rural Light Collector, an undivided two-lane road. The third primary access is from Lawrence Welk Drive in the northeastern portion of the site. Potential secondary access roads and offsite roadway improvements are also depicted on Figure 3. Traffic generation from project implementation is expected to be approximately 30,000 Average Daily Trips.

Land Use: The Merriam Mountains SP proposes development of a master-planned community, composed of five distinct neighborhoods in the North County Metropolitan Subregional Planning Area, plus estate residential in the Bonsall Community Planning Area. It is intended that the development of Merriam Mountains be compatible with surrounding land uses and preserve sensitive lands and biological resources. The Specific Plan land use designations for Merriam Mountains include Open Space, Recreation, Residential and Commercial.

The project is comprised of five neighborhood planning areas as described below and depicted in Figure 4.

Neighborhood 1 is the gateway into the Merriam Mountains SP and is immediately adjacent to the intersection of Deer Springs Road and Interstate 15. Neighborhood 1 contains high-density residential and commercial uses.

 Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 1: N1-PA 1 is located at the southeastern entry of the Merriam Mountains SP. Specialty commercial is planned on 2.1 acres.

Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 2: N1-PA 2 is located across Merriam Mountains Parkway from N1-PA 1. General Commercial is planned on 10.8 acres.

- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 3: N1-PA3 is located adjacent to N1-PA 2 and has access off Merriam Mountains Parkway. A maximum of 194 multi-family residential dwelling units will be permitted on 9.7 acres at a density of 20.0 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 4: N1-PA 4 is located west of PA 3. A maximum of 201 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 13.4 acres at a density of 15.0 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 5: N1-PA 5 is at a higher elevation than PA 4 and is also accessed off Merriam Mountains Parkway. A maximum of 141 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 10.7 acres at a density of 13.2 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 2 is located in the south central portion of the property and is bisected by Meadow Park Lane. Neighborhood 2 will have a 4-acre natural park and 2 water quality basins.

Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 1: N2-PA 1 is located at the southern entry of N2 along with N2, PA 2. A maximum of 166 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 22.2 acres for a density of 7.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 2: N2-PA2 is west of N2, PA 1 is and immediately south of N2, PA 3. A maximum of 58 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 10.5 acres for a density of 5.6 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 3: N2-PA 3 is north of N2, PA 2 and is west of N2, PA 4. A maximum of 72 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 12.9 acres for a density of 5.6 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 4: A maximum of 96 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 12.9 acres at a density of 7.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhoods 3 and 4 are located in the center portion of the project and will be accessed by either Merriam Mountains Parkway or Meadow Park Lane. Planning Areas in these neighborhoods are located on plateaus and knolls or in valleys that are separated by the various peaks of the Merriam Mountains. A 12-acre community park and main recreation area is proposed for Planning Area 3 in Neighborhood 3.

 Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 1: N3-PA 1 is one of three planning areas that compose Neighborhood 3. All three planning areas are south of and take access from Merriam Parkway. A maximum of 133 single-family dwelling units will be permitted on 29.0 acres at a density of 4.6 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 2: N3-PA 2 is east of PA 1 and is immediately south of PA 3. A maximum of 318 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 25.9 acres at a density of 12.3 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 3: N3-PA 3 is immediately north of PA 2 and is planned for a 12-acre community park and recreation area. No residential density is assigned.

Neighborhood 4 is north and/or east of Neighborhood 3 and is comprised of three distinct development clusters and five planning areas.

Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 1 and 2: N4-PA 1 and N4-PA 2 are located on the east either side of Merriam Mountains Parkway approximately 1000' northwesterly from Neighborhood 1. A maximum of 136 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 20.4 acres at a density of 6.7 dwelling units per acre in PA 1 and 132 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.6 acres at a density of 4.5 dwelling units per acre will be permitted in PA 2.

Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 2: N4-PA2 is located on the west side of Merriam Mountains Parkway approximately 1000' northwesterly from Neighborhood 1. A maximum of 132 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.6

acres at a density of 4.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 3: N4-PA 3 is north of the interchange of Merriam Mountains Parkway and Meadow Park Lane and shares a development cluster with N4-PA 4. A maximum of 89 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 20.5 acres at a density of 4.4 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 4: N4-PA 4 is west of PA 3. A maximum of 91 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 21.3 acres at a density of

4.3 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 5: N4-PA 5 is a stand alone planning area and is west of PA 4 and north of N3-P A 1. A maximum of 101 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.2 acres at a density of 3.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 5 is the most northerly neighborhood in the project and in North County Metro planning area. This neighborhood is accessed via Merriam Mountains Parkway and Rock Bluff Lane. Additional emergency access will be provided to Twin Oaks Valley Road via Camino Mayor. A private park is proposed for each planning area in Neighborhood 5.

Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 1: N5-PA 1 is the first of five planning areas associated with Neighborhood 5. A maximum of 34 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 8.7 acres at a density of 3.0 dwelling units per acre.

 Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 2: N5-PA 2 is located at the easterly edge of Neighborhood 5. A maximum of 119 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 24.9 acres at a density of 4.8 dwelling units per acre.

 Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 3: A maximum of 108 single-family detached dwelling units will be constructed on 25.5 acres at a density of 4.2 dwelling units per acre

 Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 4: A maximum of 97 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 23.9 acres at a density of 4.1 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 5: N5-PA 5 is the most westerly development cluster. A maximum of 100 single-family detached dwelling units will be constructed on 39.0 acres at a density of 2.6 dwelling units per acre.

The Estate Residential Planning Area (PA 20) is the most northerly development cluster and is accessed off Lawrence Welk Drive. This PA is not internally connected to the other five neighborhoods. A maximum of 10 single-family estate dwelling units will be permitted on 20 acres at a density of 0.5 dwelling units per acre.

The Open Space Planning Area is composed of a number of individual parcels that are known collectively as OSPA. OSPA is 1,820 acres and will be preserved as natural open space and may become part of the North County MSCP. There is no residential density allocated to Open Space Planning Area.

Project Phasing: Construction would take place in four major phases over 8 to 10 years depending upon market demand. The first phase would be Neighborhood One, Neighborhood Two and a portion of Neighborhood Three. The second phase would be the remainder of Neighborhood Three and the third phase would be Neighborhood Four. Phase four would be Neighborhood Five, which would proceed independently from the other Neighborhoods. Approximately 12,000,000 cubic yards of earthwork would be required in a balanced operation. Additionally, rock crushing would be required during all construction phases.

General Plan Amendment (GPA): The SP proposes to amend the County of San Diego General Plan to: (1) change categories of the Regional Land Use Element to coincide with the Sphere of Influence (SOI) of the City of San Marcos, and (2) to change the Land Use Designation for the entire site to (21) Specific Plan Area. The southeasterly 31 acres of the 2,320-acre Merriam property are currently subject to Policy 1.1 Current Urban Development Area (CUDA) Regional Category of the Regional Land Use Element, and the northern 2,291 acres are subject to Policy 1.3 Estate Development Area (EDA) Regional Category. The Cities of Escondido and San Marcos SOI currently cover portions of this area. The GPA would shift the boundary between CUDA and EDA to coincide with the SOI of the City of San Marcos, and would allow for the preparation of a comprehensive Specific Plan with a density of 1.03 dwelling units per acre, resulting in a total of 2,391 dwelling units.

Rezone: The Merriam SP proposes a rezone to change the current Use Regulations to S88, Specific Plan Area Use Regulations to allow for single-family dwelling units, variable residential dwelling units, and general commercial and open space uses.

Offsite Improvements: As shown on Figure 3, the proposed project includes improvements to Dear Springs Road and Twin Oaks Valley Road, and new emergency access roads. Utility extensions are required and off-site facilities may require expansion.

PROBABLE ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS: The probable environmental effects associated with the project are detailed in the attached Environmental Initial Study. All questions answered "Potentially Significant Impact" or "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" will be analyzed further in the Environmental Impact Report. All questions answered "Less than Significant Impact" or "Not Applicable" will not be analyzed further in the Environmental Impact Report. Based on an Initial Study prepared by the County of San Diego Department of Planning and Land Use, dated May 28, 2004, it has been determined that the potentially significant environmental effects that may occur as a result of implementation of the project include:

Aesthetics	Agricultural Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Geology/Soils
Hazards	Hydrology/Water Quality	Land Use/Planning
Mineral Resources	Noise	Population/Housing
Public Services/Utilities	Recreation	Transportation/Traffic

These issues, along with an analysis of project alternatives, cumulative impacts, and potential for growth inducement, will be discussed in the EIR for the Merriam Mountains project (ER 04-08-028).

PUBLIC SCOPING MEETING: Consistent with Section 21083.9 of the CEQA Statutes, a public scoping meeting will be held to solicit comments on the scope of the EIR. This meeting will be held on October 13, 2004 at the Twin Oaks High School, 158 Cassou Road, San Marcos, CA 92069 beginning at 6:00 p. m. in the multi-purpose room. For additional information, please contact Maggie Loy at (858) 694-3736 or by e-mail at maggie.loy@sdcounty.ca.gov.

Attachments:

Figure 1: Regional Map Location Map

Figure 2: Vicinity Map

Figure 3: Proposed Project Map Figure 4: Land Use Plan Exhibit

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GARY L. PRYOR



County of San Diego

SAN MARCOS OFFICE 338 VIA VERA CRUZ - SUITE 201 SAN MARCOS, CA 92069-2620 (760) 471-0730

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DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (858) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017

September 30, 2004

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/98)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

GPA 04-06, SP 04-06, R04-013, TM 5381, S04-035, S04-036, S04-037, S04-038, ER 04-08-028, Merriam Mountains Specific Plan

- Lead agency name and address:
 County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use
 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B,
 San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- a. Contact Maggie Loy, Planner
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3736
 - c. E-mail: maggie.loy@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The Merriam Mountains Specific Plan (SP) consists of approximately 2,320 acres located within the Merriam Mountains of northern San Diego County. The site is bounded by Interstate 15 (I-15) on the east, Deer Springs Road (S12) on the south, and Twin Oaks Valley Road on the west, with a small portion of the western edge of the site traversed by Twin Oaks Valley Road, and the northeast corner of the site traversed by Lawrence Welk Drive. Gopher Canyon Road is located approximately one mile north of the site. The project includes the Twin Oaks Valley Community in the southern portion of the site, Hidden Meadows Community in the eastern portion of the site, and the Bonsall Community in the northern portion of the site. Portions of the site are within the City of San Marcos and the City of Escondido sphere of influences, with no annexation anticipated. Figures 1 and 2 show the project on a regional and local scale. Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1088 F3, 62-4, H2-4, I-7; Page 1089 A2-7, B4-6, C6-7.

5. Project sponsor's name and address:

Stonegate Merriam Mountains, LLC 27071 Cabot Road, Suite 106 Laguna Hills, CA Attention: Joseph Perring

6. General Plan Designation
Regional Land Use Element:
Current Urban Development Area (CUDA)
Estate Development Area (EDA)

Community Plan, Land Use Designation and Density:

Community Plan	Land Use Designation	Density
North County Metro	(1) Residential	1 du/1, 2 & 4 acres
North County Metro	(13) General Commercial	Commercial
North County Metro	(15) Limited Impact Industrial	Industrial
North County Metro	(17) Estate Residential	1 du/2 & 4 acres
North County Metro	(18) Multiple Rural Use	1 du./4, 8 & 20 acres
North County Metro	(19) Intensive Agriculture	1 du/2, 4 & 8 acres
Bonsall Community Plan	(18) Multiple Rural Use	1 du/4, 8 & 20 acres

Density on the entire 2,320-acre site allows up to 280 dwelling units and 30,000 square feet of commercial and industrial development.

Zoning
 Use Regulation, Density, and Special Area Regulation:

Use Regulation	Density	Special Area Regulation
C36	40 (commercial)	B, D
M52	(industrial)	В
M52	(industrial)	B, D
RR.5	0.5 du/acre	В
A70	0.25 du/acre	В
A70	0.5 du/acre	В
A70	0.25/acre	
S92	0.25 du/acre	В
S92	0.25 du/acre	
S92	0.25 du/acre	В
S92	0.25 du/acre	B
S82	0.05 du/acre	В
S82	- (quarrying uses)	
RR.25	0.25 du/acre	В

8. Description of project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation):

Project Design Overview: The Merriam Mountains Specific Plan (SP) proposes to develop a master-planned community integrating residential, commercial, recreational and open space land uses. The Merriam Mountains SP will allow a maximum of 2,391 dwelling units with an overall density of 1.03 dwelling units per acre within the 2,320-acre SP area. Residential density within the planning areas ranges from 0.5 dwelling units per acre to 20.0 dwelling units per acre. The higher density planning areas are in Neighborhood 1, which is the gateway to Merriam Mountains at the Deer Springs Road / I-15 interchange. The lower density planning areas are located in the north central and northern portions of the property, adjacent to the more semi-rural uses adjoining the SP area. To ensure compatibility with the rural charm of Twin Oaks Valley and Bonsall, approximately 1,820 acres of open space is retained in the eastern, northeastern, northern and western portions of the SP area. Figure 3 depicts the proposed project, including potential offsite improvements for roadways, emergency access, and utilities.

The SP will include policies and programs for the preservation and ongoing viability of the natural open spaces and direction for the development of 1,052 single-family detached units, 1,045 variable residential density (detached and attached/owned) units, and 194 multi-family dwelling (apartment/rented) units, 12.9 acres of neighborhood commercial, 24 private parks, 1 public park, 21.3 miles of trails, and associated community facilities and infrastructure. Approximately 1,820 acres within the project area would be designated as permanent open space with approximately 1,520 acres to be part of the regional open space preserve and corridor system.

Traffic and Circulation: Access to the SP area is provided from three primary locations, as shown on Figure 3. The southern primary entrances are Merriam Mountains Parkway and Meadow Park Lane. Merriam Mountains Parkway is planned as a four lane Collector that provides access to Deer Springs Road near I-15. As Merriam Mountains Parkway traverses the project, it decreases to a modified Residential Collector, a two lane median divided road and then to a Rural Light Collector, a two lane undivided roadway. Meadow Park Lane will be a two lane Modified Rural Light Collector, a two lane median divided road that will intersect Deer Springs Road approximately 1.4 miles west of I-15. As Meadow Park Lane traverses the project it decreases to a Rural Light Collector, an undivided two-lane road. The third primary access is from Lawrence Welk Drive in the northeastern portion of the site. Potential secondary access roads and offsite roadway improvements are also depicted on Figure 3.

Land Use: The Merriam Mountains SP proposes development of a master-planned community, composed of five distinct neighborhoods in the North County Metropolitan Subregional Planning Area, plus estate residential in the Bonsall Community Planning Area. It is intended that the development of Merriam Mountains be compatible with surrounding land uses and preserve sensitive lands and biological resources. The Specific Plan land use designations for

Merriam Mountains include Open Space, Recreation, Residential and Commercial.

The project is comprised of the following neighborhood planning areas as described below and depicted in Figure 4:

Neighborhood 1 is the gateway into the Merriam Mountains SP and is immediately adjacent to the intersection of Deer Springs Road and Interstate 15. Neighborhood 1 contains high-density residential and commercial uses.

- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 1: N1-PA 1 is located at the southeastern entry of the Merriam Mountains SP. Specialty commercial is planned on 2.1 acres.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 2: N1-PA 2 is located across Merriam Mountains Parkway from N1-PA 1. General Commercial is planned on 10.8 acres.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 3: N1-PA3 is located adjacent to N1-PA 2 and has access off Merriam Mountains Parkway. A maximum of 194 multifamily residential dwelling units will be permitted on 9.7 acres at a density of 20.0 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 4: N1-PA 4 is located west of PA 3. A maximum of 201 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 13.4 acres at a density of 15.0 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 1, Planning Area 5: N1-PA 5 is at a higher elevation than PA 4 and is also accessed off Merriam Mountains Parkway. A maximum of 141 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 10.7 acres at a density of 13.2 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 2 is located in the south central portion of the property and is bisected by Meadow Park Lane. Neighborhood 2 will have a 4-acre natural park and 2 water quality basins.

- Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 1: N2-PA 1 is located at the southern entry of N2 along with N2, PA 2. A maximum of 166 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 22.2 acres for a density of 7.5 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 2: N2-PA2 is west of N2, PA 1 is and immediately south of N2, PA 3. A maximum of 58 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 10.5 acres for a density of 5.6 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 3: N2-PA 3 is north of N2, PA 2 and is west of N2, PA 4. A maximum of 72 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 12.9 acres for a density of 5.6 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 2, Planning Area 4: A maximum of 96 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 12.9 acres at a density of 7.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhoods 3 and 4 are located in the center portion of the project and will be accessed by either Merriam Mountains Parkway or Meadow Park Lane. Planning Areas in these neighborhoods are located on plateaus and knolls or in valleys that are separated by the various peaks of the Merriam Mountains. A 12-acre community park and main recreation area is proposed for Planning Area 3 in Neighborhood 3.

- Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 1: N3-PA 1 is one of three planning areas that compose Neighborhood 3. All three planning areas are south of and take access from Merriam Parkway. A maximum of 133 single-family dwelling units will be permitted on 29.0 acres at a density of 4.6 dwelling units per acre.
 - Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 2: N3-PA 2 is east of PA 1 and is immediately south of PA 3. A maximum of 318 variable residential dwelling units will be permitted on 25.9 acres at a density of 12.3 dwelling units per acre.
 - Neighborhood 3, Planning Area 3: N3-PA 3 is immediately north of PA 2 and is planned for a 12-acre community park and recreation area. No residential density is assigned.

Neighborhood 4 is north and/or east of Neighborhood 3 and is comprised of three distinct development clusters and five planning areas.

- Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 1 and 2: N4-PA 1 and N4-PA 2 are located on the east either side of Merriam Mountains Parkway approximately 1000' northwesterly from Neighborhood 1. A maximum of 136 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 20.4 acres at a density of 6,7 dwelling units per acre in PA 1 and 132 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.6 acres at a density of 4.5 dwelling units per acre will be permitted in PA 2.
- Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 2: N4-PA2 is located on the west side of Merriam Mountains Parkway approximately 1000' northwesterly from Neighborhood 1. A maximum of 132 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.6 acres at a density of 4.5 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 3: N4-PA 3 is north of the interchange of Merriam Mountains Parkway and Meadow Park Lane and shares a development cluster with N4-PA 4. A maximum of 89 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 20.5 acres at a density of 4.4 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 4: N4-PA 4 is west of PA 3. A maximum of 91 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 21.3 acres at a density of 4.3 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 4, Planning Area 5: N4-PA 5 is a stand alone planning area and is west of PA 4 and north of N3-P A 1. A maximum of 101 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 29.2 acres at a density of 3.5 dwelling units per acre.

Neighborhood 5 is the most northerly neighborhood in the project and in North County Metro planning area. This neighborhood is accessed via Merriam Mountains Parkway and Rock Bluff Lane. Additional emergency access will be provided to Twin Oaks Valley Road via Camino Mayor. A private park is proposed for each planning area in Neighborhood 5.

- Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 1: N5-PA 1 is the first of five planning areas associated with Neighborhood 5. A maximum of 34 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 8.7 acres at a density of 3.0 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 2: N5-PA 2 is located at the easterly edge of Neighborhood 5. A maximum of 119 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 24.9 acres at a density of 4.8 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 3: A maximum of 108 single-family detached dwelling units will be constructed on 25.5 acres at a density of 4.2 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 4: A maximum of 97 single-family detached dwelling units will be permitted on 23.9 acres at a density of 4.1 dwelling units per acre.
- Neighborhood 5, Planning Area 5: N5-PA 5 is the most westerly development cluster. A maximum of 100 single-family detached dwelling units will be constructed on 39.0 acres at a density of 2.6 dwelling units per acre.

The Estate Residential Planning Area (PA 20) is the most northerly development cluster and is accessed off Lawrence Welk Drive. This PA is not internally connected to the other five neighborhoods. A maximum of 10 single-family estate dwelling units will be permitted on 20 acres at a density of 0.5 dwelling units per acre.

The Open Space Planning Area is composed of a number of individual parcels that are known collectively as OSPA. OSPA is 1,820 acres and will be preserved as natural open space and may become part of the North County MSCP. There is no residential density allocated to Open Space Planning Area.

Project Phasing: Construction would take place in four major phases over 8 to 10 years depending upon market demand. The first phase would be Neighborhood One, Neighborhood Two and a portion of Neighborhood Three. The second phase would be the remainder of Neighborhood Three and the third phase would be Neighborhood Four. Phase four would be Neighborhood Five, which would proceed independently from the other Neighborhoods. Approximately 12,000,000 cubic yards of earthwork would be moved onsite with no expected export or import of material. Additionally, rock crushing would be required during all construction phases.

General Plan Amendment (GPA): The SP proposes to amend the County of San Diego General Plan to: (1) change categories of the Regional Land Use Element to coincide with the Sphere of Influence (SOI) of the City of San Marcos, and (2)

to change the Land Use Designation for the entire site to (21) Specific Plan Area. The southeasterly 31 acres of the 2,320-acre Merriam property are currently subject to Policy 1.1 Current Urban Development Area (CUDA) Regional Category of the Regional Land Use Element, and the northern 2,291 acres are subject to Policy 1.3 Estate Development Area (EDA) Regional Category. The Cities of Escondido and San Marcos SOI currently cover portions of this area. The GPA would shift the boundary between CUDA and EDA to coincide with the SOI of the City of San Marcos, and would allow for the preparation of a comprehensive Specific Plan with a density of 1.03 dwelling units per acre, resulting in a total of 2,391 dwelling units.

Rezone: The Merriam SP proposes a rezone to change the current Use Regulations to S88, Specific Plan Area Use Regulations to allow for single-family dwelling units, variable residential dwelling units, and general commercial and open space uses.

Offsite Improvements: As shown on Figure 3, the proposed project includes improvements to Dear Springs Road and Twin Oaks Valley Road, and new emergency access roads. Utility extensions are required and off-site facilities may require expansion.

Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

In a regional context, the project site is located in northern unincorporated San Diego County, approximately 40 miles from downtown San Diego, 20 miles east of the Pacific Ocean and just north of the Cities of Escondido and San Marcos. The eastern and northern area of the site is located within the San Luis Rey-Escondido watershed, the largest hydrological unit in the San Diego region. The southern area is located in the Carlsbad Hydrologic Unit and San Marcos Hydrological Area. The Merriam site is also within the coastal subprovince of the Peninsular Ranges Geomorphic Province. Habitat types in this area of San Diego County generally consist of Southern Mixed Chaparral.

Unique features in this area of San Diego County include the San Marcos Mountains which are located northwest of the project site, and the Merriam Mountains which are located on the project site. The San Marcos Mountains are significant due to their undeveloped nature, potential to support mammal species, and the presence of rare and endangered plant species such as Cleveland sage and southern mountain misery. The Merriam Mountains are significant due to their undeveloped nature and potential to form the cornerstone of the North County MSCP Subarea Plan. The Merriam Mountains are shown on the North County MSCP Subarea Working Draft Map with an asterisk indicating, "Properties currently being negotiated for hardline preserve." In addition, the Merriam Mountains contain undeveloped steep slopes and rock outcroppings that are visually prominent from the I-15 scenic corridor. Moosa Canyon, the valley occupied by the I-15, runs from the northern to northeastern vicinity of the site. In addition, the area is a tributary to the San Luis Rey River (to the north)

through the South Fork of Gopher Canyon. The San Luis Rey River is an important riparian corridor containing woodland vegetation as well as rare and protected species. Tributaries to the San Marcos Creek are also located in the vicinity and flow southwest towards Batiquitos Lagoon.

Significant resources in the general area include various types of wetland vegetation, stands of coastal sage scrub and chaparral, the federally listed California gnatcatcher (in patchy steppingstone occurrences along the I-15 corridor), rugged areas of rock outcroppings and cliffs and a historic (unoccupied) golden eagle nesting site. The City of San Marcos to the south and I-15 to the east serve as a barrier to wildlife movement.

Surrounding land uses to the north, west, and south of the project site include large-lot single-family development and avocado groves. Many of the prominent ridges surrounding the site are occupied by existing homes. Lawrence Welk Village and the community of Hidden Meadows lie to the east of I- 15. South of the site is the Golden Door Fitness Resort and estate development along the city/county border of San Marcos. The City of Oceanside wastewater department owns 180 acres to the north, and there is a large sand and gravel mining operation in Gopher Canyon. The second San Diego Aqueduct crosses the western portion of the site.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action Administrative Permit Lot Area Averaging General Plan Amendment **Habitat Loss Permit** Landscape Plans Rezone **Road Opening** Road Vacation Site Plan Specific Plan Vesting Tentative Map **Open Space Easement Vacation** County Right-of-Way, Construction, **Excavation, and Encroachment Permits Grading Permit** Improvement Plans Remandment of Relinquished Access Rights Annexation to a City or Special District (to be determined) State Highway Encroachment Permit

Agency County of San Diego

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Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), Vallecitos Water District CALTRANS

1320

Permit Type/Action	Agency
401 Permit - Water Quality Certification	Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB)
404 Permit – Dredge and Fill	US Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE)
1603 – Streambed Alteration Agreement	CA Department of Fish and Game (CDFG)
Air Quality Permit to Construct	Air Pollution Control District (APCD)
Air Quality Permit to Operate – Title V Permit	APCD
Dewatering Permit	RWQCB
National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit	RWQCB
General Construction Stormwater Permit	RWQCB
Waste Discharge Requirements Permit	RWQCB
Water District Approval	Vallecitos/Rainbow Water Districts
Sewer District Approval	Vallecitos/Rainbow Water Districts
School District Approval	Escondido High, Bonsall Union, San Marcos Unified, and Fallbrook Elementary and High School Districts

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

☑ <u>Aesthetics</u>	☑ Agriculture Resources	☑ Air Quality
☑ Biological Resources	☑ Cultural Resources	☑ Geology & Soils
☑ <u>Hazards & Haz. Materials</u>		☑ <u>Land Use & Planning</u>
☑ Mineral Resources	☑ Noise	☑ Population & Housing
☑ Public Services	☑ Recreation	☑ Transportation/Traffic
☑ <u>Utilities & Service</u> Systems	☑ Mandatory Findings of Sig	

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:

On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds
that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the
environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

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environment, there will not be a	the Department of Planning and Land Use finds ect could have a significant effect on the significant effect in this case because revisions in or agreed to by the project proponent. A RATION will be prepared.
and the proposed projectivity in	the Department of Planning and Land Use finds ave a significant effect on the environment, and REPORT is required.
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Maggic Loy Signature	September 30, 2004
Signature Loy Maggie Loy	September 30, 2004 Date
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b)

i. AL	<u> - 3 m. nos</u> – would the project.	•		
a)	Have a substantial adverse effe	ct on a sc	enic	vista?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact
(清報 (数4) (2) (2)	or County designated visual resou designated Scenic Highways by the grading with some manufactured visible components of the landsca- landform and overlaying landcove Visual Analysis must be prepared	nated as ources. Two he General slopes in cape within er, must be that provi	officia in Oa al Pla exces that v e esta des i	I scenic vistas along major highways aks Valley Road and I-15 are n. The project involves significant as of 100 feet. The viewshed and viewshed, including the underlying
	Determination of off-site location development.	ons that w	ill ha	ve views of the proposed
	2. Determination of the level of in would be affected by the views		ed up	on the number of persons who
	3. Photos of the project site from how the project will appear.	the key lo	catio	ns and photo simulations depicting
	4. Determination of compliance v5. Analysis of the direct and cum			kies Ordinance. and proposed mitigation measures.
- -38	Additional information is required cumulative project impacts.	d includinç	g an	analysis of direct, indirect, and
b)	Substantially damage scenic res outcroppings, and historic building	ources, ir ngs within	iclud a sta	ing, but not limited to, trees, rock ate scenic highway?
Ę	Potentially Significant Impact	. [Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		N	No Impact

State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a State scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official Scenic Highway. The project is not in the vicinity of a State scenic highway.

Therefore, the project will not have any adverse affect on a scenic resource within a State scenic highway. Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its c) surroundings? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated The proposed project will alter the visual environment through landform modification and construction including grading of 12 million cubic yards or earth. Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as mountains with boulders and lacking in development. See above requirement to prepare a Visual Analysis. Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect d) day or nighttime views in the area? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated

The project does propose to use outdoor lighting, and it is possible that building materials with highly reflective properties such as highly reflective glass or high-gloss surface colors may be proposed. The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B (more than 15 miles from Observatories) as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. The project is required to conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

In addition, the proposed project proposes to control outdoor lighting and sources of glare in the following ways:

- The project will not install outdoor lighting that directly illuminates neighboring properties.
- 2. The project will not install outdoor lighting that would cast a direct beam angle towards a potential observer, such as a motorists, cyclist or pedestrian.

- 3. The project will not install outdoor lighting for vertical surfaces such as buildings, landscaping, or signs in a manner that would result in useful light or spill light being cast beyond the boundaries of intended area to be lit.
- 4. The project will not install any highly reflective surfaces such as glareproducing glass or high-gloss surface color that will be visible along roadways, pedestrian walkways, or in the line of sight of adjacent properties.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project conforms to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers. astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources of light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Moreover, the project's additional outdoor lighting and glare is controlled and limits light pollution to the project site or directly around the light source and will not contribute to a cumulative impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code, in combination with the outdoor and glare controls listed above, ensure that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES - Would the project:

a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Fa Importance Farmland), as shown on Farmland Mapping and Monitoring F to non-agricultural use?	the maps	s prepared pursuant to the
<u> </u>	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project site and the surrounding Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farm As a result, the proposed project was potentially significant adverse project conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Importance to a non-agricultural use information and analysis is required.	nland of S s reviewe et or cumu ue Farmla for the fo	Statewide Importance Farmland). d and determined to have lative level impacts related to the and, or Farmland of Statewide

b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?

	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project site is currently zoned A70 considered to be an agricultural zone. zoning to S88, Specific Plan that propouses. None of the project site supports Williamson Act contract. Additional info	The p ses re lands	proposed project will change the esidential and commercial that are included as a part of a
c)	Involve other changes in the existing er nature, could result in conversion of Fa	nviron rmlan	ment, which, due to their location or d, to non-agricultural use?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project site and surrounding area of Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland the maps prepared pursuant to the Farm of the California Resources Agency. Addirect and cumulative impacts.	nd of \$ nland	Statewide Importance as shown on Manning and Monitoring Description
<u>III. A</u>	AIR QUALITY - Would the project:		
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions	of the	San Diego Regional Air Quality State Implementation Plan (SIP)?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project proposes development with anticipated in the SANDAG growth proje and SIP. Operation of the project may reof criteria pollutants listed in the Californiair contaminants as identified by the Californiate proposed project may conflict with the information is required including an analyproject impacts.	ctions esult in a Ami fornia e RAC	s used in development of the RAQS in emissions of significant quantities bient Air Quality Standards or toxic Air Resources Board. As such,
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contrib projected air quality violation?	ute sı	ubstantially to an existing or

	M	Potentially Significant Impact	Ш	Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	f S H II O E	n general, air quality impacts from land from motor vehicles, and from short-tem such projects. The San Diego County Anas established screening-level criteria for Rule 20.2. This project exceeds the screening from and analysis is required. Screening from the CEQA Air Compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Compounds (SCAB), which has stricter standa San Diego's, are also exceeded.	n con ir Pol or all eenin reenil	struction activities associated with lution Control District (SDAPCD) new source review (NSR) in APCD g-level criteria and therefore, more ng levels for reactive organic Handbook for the South Coast Air
c)	v a	Result in a cumulatively considerable ne which the project region is non-attainment ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precurs	nt und deasi	der an applicable federal or stateing emissions which exceed
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	, i			(x,y) = (x,y) + (x,y

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

A list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area will also need to be evaluated for cumulative air quality impacts. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects may exceed the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project may create a cumulatively considerable impact or a considerable net increase of PM10, or any O₃ precursors.

d)		Expose sensitive receptors to substanti	al pol	lutant concentrations?
	V	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact
	Ц	Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
j.		Air quality regulators typically define sei 12 th Grade), hospitals, resident care fac facilities that may house individuals with adversely impacted by changes in air qual to evaluate direct and cumulative impac	ilities heal Jality.	or day-care centers, or other
e)	(Create objectionable odors affecting a s	ubsta	ntial number of people?
	Ø	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	v r c c t	The project could produce objectionable wastewater facilities that will be required needed to assess potential impacts. In odors are localized to the immediate surcumulatively considerable odor. A list of the surrounding area must be evaluated create objectionable odors.	by the addition of the second	ne project. Additional information is ion, the affects of objectionable ling area and may contribute to a present and future projects within
IV.	BIC	PLOGICAL RESOURCES - Would the	orojec	t:
a)	i Id	lave a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate ocal or regional plans, policies, or regula ish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	, sens ations	itive, or special status species in or by the California Department of
	7	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	si sj re de sj	reliminary survey results and records in ubstantial adverse effect, either directly pecies identified as a candidate, sensitive gional plans, policies, or regulations. A etermine if there will be significant directed on the projected diamond rattlesnake, San Diego horred.	or thr /e, or dditic t or cu ct site	ough habitat modifications, on special status species in local or mal information is required to umulative effects. The following: California gnatcatcher, porthern

	whiptail, coastal whiptail, and San Die planned.	go des	sert woodrat.	Additional surveys a	are
b) ,	Have a substantial adverse effect on a natural community identified in local or the California Department of Fish and	regio:	nal plans, pol	icies, regulations or	by
·			Less than	Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		١
27	The project may have a substantial adhabitat modifications, on riparian habitat regulated by the wildlife agencies. Add if there will be significant direct or cump southern willow scrub, freshwater mars riparian woodland, and non-wetland was including 29.3 acres of Diegan coastal mixed chaparral (including mafic chapagrasslands are present on site.	at and itional ulative sh, mu aters a sage s	other sensitive information is effects. We lefat scrub, core present. It is scrub. 2.215.	ve natural communit s required to determ tlands including oast live oak/sycamon n addition, uplands 7 acres of Southern	ine
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on fe Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (inc and the coast) through direct removal, means?	cludina	z. but not limi	ted to rivers, marche	96
V	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than S	Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	· .	
	Wetlands, defined by Section 404 of the impacted by the project. Additional inforwill be significant direct or cumulative erassociated wetlands found within the pr	mation	n is required There are fiv	to determine if there	:
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement or wildlife species or with established not corridors, or impede the use of native w	ative re	esident or mid	gratory wildlife	h
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than S	ignificant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		;
	The site has habitat that allows the mov wildlife species, and established native	ement reside	of native res	ident or migratory y wildlife corridors.	

Additional information is required to determine if there will be significant direct or

cumulative effects on movement patterns. Mule deer was detected on the site;

mountain lion is known from the site several years ago. The project provides a large block of natural habitat (2,283 acres) known as the Merriam Mountains, which provides unrestricted movement and core habitat for many species. The eastern portion of the project is also known to contribute to the "I-15 ladder", patches of coastal sage scrub habitat providing north/south movement potential for California gnatcatchers and other scrub-dependant birds. Conflict with the provisions of any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural e) Communities Conservation Plan, other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan or any other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated The project is subject to the Resource Protection Ordinance (RPO) for protection of wetlands and sensitive habitat lands, and the Habitat Loss Permit (HLP) Ordinance for protection of coastal sage scrub species in accordance with the Natural Communities Conservation Plan, an approved regional habitat conservation plan. V. CULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project: Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource a) as defined in 15064.5? Potentially Significant Impact M Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated Based on a cursory field inspection of the property it was determined that there may be an historic structure within the project site. Additional information is required to determine if there will be significant direct or cumulative effects. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological b) resource pursuant to 15064.5? ablaPotentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated

Record searches indicate that the project site has a number of archaeological resources present. Additional information is required to determine if there will be significant direct or cumulative effects.

c)	ļ	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique p geologic feature?	paleor	ntological resource or site or unique
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
	5)))(F	A review of the paleontological maps p Natural History indicates that the project potential for producing fossil remains. Maggie Loy on July 17, 2004, no know on the property or in the immediate vici	ct is lo Additi n unic	ocated on igneous rock and has low
d)	C	Disturb any human remains, including temeteries?	hose	interred outside of formal
	V	Potentially Significant Impact	П	Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	m A	ased on an analysis of records, it has isturb human remains. The project site ay contain archaeological resources to detectional information is required to detectional information.	e doe: hat co	s not include a formal cemetery, but
VI.	GEC	DLOGY AND SOILS Would the proje	ect:	
a)	E: ris	xpose people or structures to potential sk of loss, injury, or death involving:	subs	tantial adverse effects, including the
-	i.	Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Z for the area or based on other sul Refer to Division of Mines and Ge	oning bstant	Map issued by the State Geologist
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
.:	Fa	e project is within a Special Study zon rthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Pu <u>ult-Rupture Hazards Zones in Californ</u> ether evidence of recent (Holocene) fa	blicat ia A	ion 42, Revised 1997,

	ii.	Strong seismic ground shaking?			•
	Pote	entially Significant Impact entially Significant Unless pation Incorporated			Less than Significant Impact No Impact
orani Series Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji Ji	Classif The pr Section Section Second	niform Building Code (UBC) and the less all San Diego County with the less all San Diego County with the soject will have to conform to the San 162- Earthquake Design as outling 162 requires a soils compaction mendations to be approved by a Cace of a building or grading permit. In the above required report, it is ted within 5 kilometers of the center within the Uniform Building Code as Zones in California. Special mitiges.	higheeism ned repo count Der will will erline	es nic wi ort ty be dar	t seismic zone criteria, Zone 4. Requirements – Chapter 16 Ithin the California Building Code. with proposed foundation Structural Engineer before the Inding on the information It determined whether the project of a known active-fault zone as
ii	i.	Seismic-related ground failure, inc	ludir	ng	liquefaction?
	Poter	ntially Significant Impact ntially Significant Unless ation Incorporated	図		Less than Significant Impact
g a th	retace round rtificia ne exp	ology of the project site is identified eous Metasedimentary. This geologically failure from seismic activity. In additional fill or located within a floodplain, osure of people to adverse effects failure.	ogic (Iditio Thei	er n, rei	ivironment is not susceptible to the site is not underlain by poor fore, there will be no impact from
iv	. L	_andslides?			
7	Poten	tially Significant Impact tially Significant Unless tion Incorporated			ess than Significant Impact
Gr Gr ev	oject a ould be eotech idence	e is located within a low to moderate area is located within an area of poecome unstable in the event of sein inical Report must be prepared to e of either pre-existing or potential yent of seismic activity.	stent smic dete	ia a ern	or pre-existing conditions that ctivity (steep slopes). A

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or	r the loss o	f topsoil?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, all of the soils on-site are identified with a soil erodibility rating of "moderate" and "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973, including Acid igneous rock land, Cieneba series, Escondido very fine sandy loam, Fallbrook series, Friant rocky fine sandy loam, Las Posas series, Ramona series, Visalia sandy loam, Vista rock loam, and Wyman loam. The project will result in development over 500 acres that could result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil. The following factors will reduce soil erosion and the loss of topsoil:

- The project will require that bare soils be protected; existing drainage patterns will not be altered; development will not be located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and steep slopes will be avoided with minor encroachments.
- The project is required to prepared a Stormwater Management Plan. The plan must include Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site.
- The project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

However, a geotechnical report must also be done and additional recommendations may be required to reduce soil erosion to a less than significant level.

The project is not likely to contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426).

C)	Will the project produce unstable geole impacts resulting from landslides, later collapse (rockfall)?	ogical ral spr	conditions that will result in adverse eading, subsidence, liquefaction or
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project will result in site disturbance cubic yards of material. In addition, regeological conditions for landslides and Therefore the geotechnical report must conditions. For further information refelisted above.	coras i Lolla _i Laddre	indicate that the project has unstable pse; both on-site and off-site.
d) (b	Be located on expansive soil, as define Code (1994), creating substantial risks	d in Ta to life	able 18-1-B of the Uniform Building or property?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
. <i>p</i>	A portion of the project is located on exp	oansiy	e soils as defined within Table 40 !

A portion of the project is located on expansive soils as defined within Table 18-IB of the Uniform Building Code (1994). This was confirmed by staff review of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. The soils on-site are Los Posas series with high shrink/swell characteristics and Fallbrook, Ramona, and Wyman soils with moderate shrink/swell characteristics. However the project will not have any significant impacts because the project is required to comply the improvement requirements identified in the 1997 Uniform Building Code, Division III – Design Standard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Foundations to Resist the Effects of Expansive Soils and Compressible Soils, which ensure suitable structure safety in areas with expansive soils, and because the project development has avoided most mapped expansive soils. A geotechnical report will also address any additional measures that should be done so that there will be no impacts will result to risks to life or property.

e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?

[Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact
L	Mitigation Incorporated	$ \checkmark $	No Impact
	The project will rely on public water a service availability letters has been reindicating that the district has adequadisposal needs. No septic tanks or a proposed.	eceived : ite capa	from the Vallecitos Water District city for the projects wastewater
VII.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATE	RIALS -	Would the project:
a)	Create a significant hazard to the pub transport, storage, use, or disposal of		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Ĺ	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation		No Impact
	The project will not create a significant because it does not propose the storal Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous in the immediate vicinity.	ige, use	, transport, emission, or disposal of
b)	Create a significant hazard to the pub foreseeable upset and accident condimaterials into the environment?	lic or the	e environment through reasonably olving the release of hazardous
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
	The project will not contain, handle, or compounds that would present a si release of hazardous substances.	r store a gnificant	ny potential sources of chemicals risk of accidental explosion or
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle h substances, or waste within one-quart	nazardou er mile o	us or acutely hazardous materials, of an existing or proposed school?
1	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\square	No Impact

		The project is not located within one-queschool. Therefore, the project will not school.	uarter have a	mile of and existing or proposed any effect on an existing or proposed
d)	Be located on a site which is included compiled pursuant to Government Codit create a significant hazard to the public	e Sec	tion 65962.5 and as a result would
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
		The project is not located on a site liste Waste and Substances sites list compil 65962.5.	d in the	ne State of California Hazardous rsuant to Government Code Section
е)		For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for area?	public	c airport or public use airport, would
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
) 1 { 1	The proposed project is not located with CLUP) for airports; or within two miles not propose construction of any structurneight, constituting a safety hazard to a neliport. Therefore, the project will not desiding or working in the project area.	of a pu e equ ircraft	ublic airport. Also, the project does al to or greater than 150 feet in and/or operations from an airport or
f)	F	or a project within the vicinity of a privacatety hazard for people residing or wor	ite air: king ir	strip, would the project result in a the project area?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathcal{A}}$	No Impact
	þ	he proposed project is not within one m roject will not constitute a safety hazard roject area.	nile of I for p	a private airstrip. As a result, the eople residing or working in the
g)	lr re	npair implementation of or physically in esponse plan or emergency evacuation	terfere plan?	with an adopted emergency

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

II. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

The California Aqueduct is in the vicinity of the project. However, the Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering this major water supply infrastructure, or any other water or energy supply infrastructure.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

The Dam Evacuation Plan for will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

h)	Expose people or structures to a signi wildland fires, including where wildland where residences are intermixed with	as are	adjacent to urbanized are
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
; ; ;	A Fire Service Availability Letter and concern Springs Fire Protection District. Wildlands that have the potential to suphas been required, which will analyze a structures to a significant risk of loss, in plan will address regulations relating to defensible space specified in the Conservated Districts in San Diego Countained by the local fire protection districts and special needs of the developroximity to steep slopes with heavy broadlitions will occur prior to the approval building permits.	The piport wheth njury come emen olidate by and strict.	roposed project is adjacent to vildland fires. A Fire Protection Plan er the project will expose people or or death involving wildland fires. The regency access, water supply, and ed Fire Code for the 17 Fire Appendix II-A, as adopted and The Fire Protection Plan will also nt due to access limitations and its
i) E	Expose people to significant risk of injuinosquitoes, rats or flies?	ry or c	leath involving vectors, including
П	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
A ar co a us	he project description does not include period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (elso, the project does not involve or supnimal waste, such as equestrian facilities ops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility of site visit conducted by Maggie Loy on ses in the vicinity of proposed developropose people to significant risk of injury	.g. lag port u es, ag r othe July 1	goons, agricultural irrigation ponds). ses that will produce or collect ricultural operations (chicken er similar uses. Moreover, based on 7, 2004, there are none of these
VIII. HYI	DROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	Woul	d the project:
a) Vid	olate any waste discharge requirement	ts?	
m F	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project proposes construction of new residential and commercial uses which requires 401 Permit - Water Quality Certification, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, General Construction Stormwater Permit, Waste Discharge Requirements Permit, and 404 Permit – Dredge and Fill Permit. The project applicant will be required to provided copies of the permits or permit applications to demonstrate that the project will comply with all applicable requirements. The project site proposes and will be required to implement site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless	 - Samuel III paol
V	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Carlsbad Hydrologic Unit and the Moosa subarea within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, the following apply as appropriate:

Carlsbad Hydrologic Unit: portions of this watershed, along the coast of the Pacific Ocean at Buena Vista Lagoon, Escondido Creek, Loma Alta Slough, and San Marcos are impaired for coliform bacteria; Agua Hedionda Lagoon is impaired for coliform bacteria and sedimentation; Buena Vista Lagoon is impaired for coliform bacteria, nutrients, and sedimentation; Loma Alta Slough is impaired for eutrophication and coliform bacteria; San Elijo Lagoon is impaired for eutrophication, coliform bacteria and sedimentation. Constituents of concern in the Carlsbad watershed include coliform bacteria, nutrients, sediment, trace metals, and toxics.

San Luis Rey Hydrologic Unit: although the mouth of the San Luis Rey is impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the San Luis Rey River, which is tributary to the Pacific Ocean, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the San Luis Rey River watershed include coliform bacteria, nitrate, sediment, and pesticides.

The project proposes the activities that are associated with these pollutants. Therefore, a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) is required to propose site design measures, source control BMPs, and treatment control BMPs such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters.

The SWMP will propose BMPs that are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning. This permitting process has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. The SWMP will therefore address the project's potential to contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District included the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County.

The SWMP will detail the project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c) Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses?

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
図	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in two hydrologic subareas: Twin Oaks subarea within the Carlsbad Hydrologic Unit and the Moosa subarea within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit. The following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water apply as follows:

San Luis Rey: Municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply; industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

Carlsbad: Municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial service supply; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; commercial and sport fishing; aquaculture; estuarine habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; shellfish harvesting; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes activities that will result in potential sources of polluted runoff. Therefore, a Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) is required to propose site design measures, source control BMPs, and treatment control BMPs such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses.

The SWMP will propose BMPs that are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning. This permitting process has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater sup groundwater recharge such that there a lowering of the local groundwater tal existing nearby wells would drop to a l uses or planned uses for which permit	would de lev	be a net deficit in aquifer volume or vel (e.g., the production rate of pre-
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project will obtain its water supply obtains water from surface reservoirs of project will not use any groundwater for domestic or commercial demands. In a operations that would interfere substant but not limited to the following: the project water to another groundwater basin; or course or waterway with impervious lay for substantial distances (e.g. ¼ mile). substantially affect rates of groundwater groundwater resources is anticipated.	r other any additional transport diversity of the sector o	purpose, including irrigation, on, the project does not involve with groundwater recharge including, des not involve regional diversion of sion or channelization of a stream uch as concrete lining or culverts,
e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a substantial erosion or siltation of the course of th	etra a	M Of rivor in management to the contract of th
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project proposes activities that could patterns of the area including the alternation	i resu	Ilt in changes to existing drainage

The project proposes activities that could result in changes to existing drainage patterns of the area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, and result in potential erosion or siltation. Therefore, a SWMP is required to evaluate potentially significant drainage impacts and to propose measures to control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). The SWMP will specify and describe the implementation process of all BMPs that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. The SWMP will determine whether erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within

the boundaries of the project, which is required to avoid contribution to a cumulatively considerable impact. f) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner, which would result in flooding on- or off-site? ✓ Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated A Preliminary Drainage Study is required to determine whether the proposed project will significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff. The study propose measures to ensure that drainage will be conveyed to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities, that the project will not significantly increase water surface elevation in watercourses with a watershed equal to or greater than one square mile, and that the project will not significantly increase surface runoff exiting the project site. Create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems? ✓ Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated A Preliminary Drainage Study is required to determine whether the proposed project will create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. h) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff? Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact **Potentially Significant Unless** No Impact Mitigation Incorporated The SWMP will address additional sources of polluted runoff and propose site

The SWMP will address additional sources of polluted runoff and propose site design measures and/or source control BMPs and/or treatment control BMPs such that potential pollutants will be reduced in runoff to the maximum extent practicable.

i)		Place housing within a 100-year flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance i map, including County Floodplain Map	Rai	te Ma	area as mapped on a federal Flood ap or other flood hazard delineation
	V				Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated			No Impact
		While no FEMA mapped floodplains or site, there may be drainages with a wa areas must be evaluated to ensure no	iter	shed	greater than 25 acros. Those
j)	w . :	Place structures within a 100-year floor redirect flood flows?	d h	azar	d area that would impede or
		Potentially Significant Impact	.		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated			No Impact
		The project site contains drainage swal determine whether they are 100-year fl determine whether the project is propos other improvements which will impede	ood sind	d haz a to i	zard areas. A study is required to
k)		Expose people or structures to a signification flooding, including flooding as a result of	car of th	nt ris he fa	k of loss, injury or death involving ilure of a levee or dam?
		Potentially Significant Impact]	Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	6		No Impact
	i t	The project site lies outside any identific mapped dam inundation area for a majo n addition, the project is not located im hat could potentially flood the property. Deople to a significant risk of loss, injury	or d me Ti	lam/i diate here:	reservoir within San Diego County. Ely downstream of a minor dam fore, the project will not expose.
I) .	ì	nundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflo	ow'	?	
	V	Potentially Significant Impact	Г]	Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		_	No Impact

•	~		
i		ICH	L
1.	-		L.,

The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

ii. TSUNAMI

The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

Report/Specific Plan.

Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is located within a moderate to high landslide susceptibility zone. A geotechnical report has been required that will survey for and address evidence of either pre-existing or potential conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:

a)		Physically divide an established commu	nity?	Commence of the
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	· .	This project proposes a General Plan Al Amendment that has potentially significa and the surrounding area. These impac measures proposed within the context o Report/Specific Plan.	ant lar	nd use impacts for the project site
b)	J	Conflict with any applicable land use pla urisdiction over the project (including, be plan, local coastal program, or zoning or avoiding or mitigating an environmental	ut not dinan	limited to the general plan, specific ice) adopted for the purpose of
	\square	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
~	F	This project proposes a General Plan Ar Amendment that has potentially significa and the surrounding area. These impact	nt lan	d use impacts for the project site

measures proposed within the context of the General Plan Amendment

X. MINERAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a) :	value to the region and the residents of	own m the s	ineral resource that would be of tate?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The project site has been classified by – Division of Mines and Geology (Upda Aggregate Materials in the Western Sai 1997) as an area of "Undetermined Min Mineral Resource Significance" MRZ-2 address potential direct, indirect, and co	te of M n Dieg eral R A Ge	Mineral Land Classification: O Production-Consumption Region, Resources" MRZ-3, and of "Identified
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a loca site delineated on a local general plan,	ally-im specif	portant mineral resource recovery ic plan or other land use plan?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
C C	A portion of the project site is zoned S82 associated with a quarry site. A study note that the direct, indirect, and cumulative change the zoning to S88 Specific Playould not allow quarrying of the abando	nust b e imp an Are	e done to address potential acts of the project, which proposes a Use Regulations. The plan
XI. NO	ISE Would the project result in:		
, e	exposure of persons to or generation of established in the local general plan or not other agencies?	noise oise d	levels in excess of standards ordinance, or applicable standards
П	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
b	loise analysis shall occur when the projectional tracks, airports, or heavy industries required for projects that generate high irectly associated with the proposal.	al one	erations. Noise analysis may also

Noise Ordinance

Noise will be generated from the proposed pump and lift stations, commercial activities, and construction activities. Preliminary review of the project information provided by the AEIS indicates that there is insufficient information to determine whether equipment and operations on-site will exceed County Noise Standards, namely, San Diego County Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404). A noise analysis is needed to determine whether or not noise levels exceed San Diego County standards. Noise associated with construction material import and export traffic must also be considered. Conformance with County Noise Ordinance requires that an analysis demonstrate that the hourly average sound levels do not exceed either threshold at the property line, as the most stringent condition for the project.

If the noise impacts are associated with construction activities on the site, such as rock crushing or some other proposed activity, the noise analysis shall include estimates of noise generation potential from the site utilizing measurements from similar activities that are already in existence. The noise analysis must conform to the San Diego County Noise Ordinance.

Noise Element of the General Plan

Noise analysis may also be required for projects that generate high levels of noise either through activities directly associated with the proposal or major increases in traffic generated by the proposal. Preliminary review of the project information provided by the AEIS indicates that there is insufficient information to determine whether existing and projected noise associated with traffic levels on major roads would impact the proposed uses. Proposed residential and other noise sensitive commercial uses may be subject to noise from I-15, Deer Springs Road, and Twin Oaks Valley Road. Therefore, the noise analysis shall also utilize field measurements and projected traffic levels to determine the potential for noise impacts to present and future residents of the project vicinity. The noise analysis must conform to the Noise Element of the San Diego County General Plan.

The project site is adjacent to the I-15. The ADT in the vicinity of the Deer Springs Interchange is 222,000 (north of interchange, SANDAG 2030 model). The other roads adjacent to noise sensitive uses should be evaluated based on the projected LOS "C" ADT for the designated circulation element type.

The project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b) and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
1 t F F E	The project proposes a residential development of the standard residences appear to meet the standard ransit Right-of-Way with projected noise property line for parcels zoned industrial permitted extractive uses, the project contains an affect on previous phases or extract. The noise analysis should address the potential for cumulative groundborners.	eeping d 200-for e conto al or ext construct xisting of sections	conditions. While the proposed oot setback from any public road or ours of 65 dB or more, from any tractive use, and from any tion, which includes blasting, may residential development in the		
c) A	A substantial permanent increase in am above levels existing without the project	bient n	oise levels in the project vicinity		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
u: a	he project involves permanent noise so oise level including emergency general ses, and commercial air conditioners. T determination whether there are signifi apacts from permanent stationary noise	tors for herefo icant di	pump stations or commercial re, the noise analysis will include rect_indirect_or cumulative		
d) A	substantial temporary or periodic incre cinity above levels existing without the	ase in project	ambient noise levels in the project		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		∟ess than Significant Impact No Impact		
vio sta an	ne project involves construction and blat bstantial temporary or periodic increase inity. In addition, outdoor commercial ations or delivery areas, or outdoor soutly alysis will include a determination whet cumulative impacts.	es in ar uses th nd svet	mbient noise levels in the project lat may involve truck transfer		

e)		For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project expose people residing or w noise levels?	publi	c airport or public use airport, would
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
		The proposed project is not located with (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a Therefore, the project will not expose parea to excessive airport-related noise I	a publ eople	ic airport or public use airport. residing or working in the project
f)	vi jiš	For a project within the vicinity of a priva people residing or working in the projec	ate air t area	strip, would the project expose to excessive noise levels?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
-		The proposed project is not located with therefore, the project will not expose peared to excessive airport-related noise learns	ople r	ne-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; esiding or working in the project
XII	. PC	DPULATION AND HOUSING Would t	he pro	oject:
a)	1	Induce substantial population growth in proposing new homes and businesses) extension of roads or other infrastructure	or ind	ea, either directly (for example, by irectly (for example, through
	V	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
	p p r	The proposed project will result in substance proposes a regulatory change that may be proposed as a regulatory change that may be proposed as a regulatory change of extended as a result of the proposed as a result of the prop	remov nded i sident nents	re a restriction to or encourage infrastructure or public facilities; ial development; and regulatory specific plan amendments, zone
o)	0	Displace substantial numbers of existing freplacement housing elsewhere?	hous	ing, necessitating the construction

	- 38 -		September 30, 2004
ially Significant Unless	[6		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
oosed project will not disp vacant.	lace any	exi	sting housing since the site is
substantial numbers of p nent housing elsewhere?	eople, ne	eces	ssitating the construction of
ally Significant Unless	E E]	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
osed project will not displ rently vacant.	lace a sul	bsta	antial number of people since the
ERVICES			
altered governmental far denvironmental impacts, times or other performant nee objectives for any of the protection? lice protection? nools?	altered go cilities, th in order t ice servic	o m e ca e ra	nmental facilities, need for new or construction of which could cause raintain acceptable service ratios, atios, response times or other
lly Significant Unless In Incorporated the service availability for result in the need for sig require annexation to a signification and construction ill be evaluated, including required due to the pro-	nificantly sewer dis of signifi a detern ject or cu	ved alte trick can nina mul	ered services or facilities. This t, possible realignment of school at new infrastructure. Facility ation whether new or expanded
	substantial numbers of parent housing elsewhere? ally Significant Impact ally Significant Unless on Incorporated osed project will not disparently vacant. ERVICES e project result in substantian of new or physically a lered governmental fact environmental impacts, times or other performance objectives for any of the protection? lice protection? l	ially Significant Impact ially Significant Unless ion Incorporated iosed project will not displace any vacant. substantial numbers of people, not nent housing elsewhere? ally Significant Impact ially Significant Unless ion Incorporated iosed project will not displace a sufficiently vacant. ERVICES exproject result in substantial adversion of new or physically altered governmental facilities, that environmental impacts, in order to times or other performance service ince objectives for any of the publication of public inceprotection? Illy Significant Impact incorporated incorpora	ially Significant Impact ially Significant Unless ion Incorporated osed project will not displace any exist vacant. substantial numbers of people, necession thousing elsewhere? ally Significant Impact ally Significant Unless on Incorporated osed project will not displace a substantially vacant. ERVICES exproject result in substantial adverse sion of new or physically altered governmental facilities, the cut environmental impacts, in order to make the project result in substantial adverse is project result in pacts, in order to make the protection? Incorporated ose protection? Ily Significant Impact ose protection? Ily Significant Impact of the public sense in Incorporated of the service availability forms received the service of significant unless of the service availability forms received the service availability forms received the required due to the project or current the required the service availability forms received the required due to the project or current the received the required due to the project

XIV. RECREATION

а)	or other recreational facilities such facility would occur or be accelerated.	se of existing neighborhood and regional parks h that substantial physical deterioration of the ated?
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
[Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	☐ No Impact

An analysis regarding potential impacts to Recreation must be prepared and included within the context of the GPAR/Specific Plan Text. The project includes recreational facilities (neighborhood parks), however an analysis of recreational facilities is required to determine whether the project will result in substantial physical deterioration of existing local and regional recreation facilities. The project may be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County.

Cumulative impacts to recreational facilities are not expected because PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities, intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located, thereby reducing cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. There is an existing surplus of County Regional Parks. Currently, there is over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which far exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive surplus of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result any cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant surplus of regional recreational facilities will remain.

b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?

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Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Impacts from the development of one project design and impacts analyzed	site parks w within EIR.	ill be addressed as part of the		
XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC V	Vould the pr	oject:		
 a) Cause an increase in traffic which load and capacity of the street sys either the number of vehicle trips, congestion at intersections)? 		ial in relation to the existing traffic esult in a substantial increase in to capacity ratio on roads, or		
Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
The proposed project would result (ADT), a substantial amount of traf evaluated in relationship to existing system. Therefore a traffic analysis cumulative impacts of the project.	ilo. The ext	sting road network must be		
b) Exceed, either individually or cumu established by the County congesti or highways?	latively, a le on manage	vel of service standard ment agency for designated roads		
Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
The proposed project would result in approximately 30,000 Average Daily Trips (ADT), a substantial amount of traffic. The existing road network must be evaluated in relationship to existing/future traffic and a determination made whether any level of service standards established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways will be exceeded.				

Therefore a traffic analysis must be prepared to address direct and cumulative impacts of the project.

Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks? c)

	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	The proposed project is located outside adjacent to any public or private airports change in air traffic patterns.	of ans; ther	Airport Master Plan Zone and is not efore, the project will not result in a
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a dangerous intersections) or incompatible	desig e use	n feature (e.g., sharp curves or s (e.g., farm equipment)?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	 The proposed project would result in appear (ADT), a substantial amount of traffic. The proposed project improvements must be will be an increase in hazards due to describe the artific analysis must be preprinted of the project including: Safe and adequate site distance at all Project road improvements constructed Public and Private Road Standards. Existing roads used to access the prostandards. 	he exelosign for execution dependence of the execution dep	isting road network and the uated to determine whether there eatures or incompatible uses. to address direct and cumulative ways and intersections. ording to the County of San Diego
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access	? *** ^{**}	
[Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	Adequate emergency access must be di- Protection Plan.	scuss	ed within the context of the Fire
f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

For the residential development portion of the project, the Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance. For the commercial portion of the project the Zoning Ordinance Section 6766 Parking Schedule requires provision for on-site parking spaces based upon the maximum number of persons permitted to occupy the premises. The EIR/Specific Plan must demonstrate that the project incorporates adequate parking for the proposed project.

g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, o transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicy	or prog	rams supporting alternative ks)?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
f	A traffic analysis is required to assess nazards or barriers for pedestrians or leads to be a section XII-4 of the Public Facility. The project will have a significant in a need for additional or expanded to the project would increase the number transportation in isolated areas, rentransportation sources (i.e. Transportation routes). In addition, to pedestrian movement. The proposed project will discourage TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	oicyclis and poly Elementer crease ransit s noved ortation the pro-	ets, and whether the project is licies for Alternative Transportation, ent of the General Plan: e in transit population, which causes services. prospective users of alternative from viable alternative centers, bicycle paths, alternative posed project will discourage estrian movement.
a) E	xceed wastewater treatment requirem tuality Control Board?		<i>'</i>
П	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to a community sewer system that is permitted to operate by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). A project facility availability form has been received from Vallecitos Water District that indicates the district will serve the project, if annexed and if conditions are met. Assuming successful annexation, the project would be

discharging wastewater to a RWQCB permitted community sewer system and will be required to satisfy the conditions listed above, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB, including the Regional Basin Plan. The EIR will evaluate whether this large-scale development is consistent with RWQCB requirements.

Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment

b)	Require or result in the construction of facilities or expansion of existing facilities ignificant environmental effects?	new v ies, the	vater or wastewater treatment e construction of which could cause
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
\ 	The project involves new and expanded the new and expanded facilities included and likely updating of the Vallecitos Wasproject will evaluate whether the new a adverse physical effect on the environn	e pipe iter Di: nd/or <i>e</i>	line extensions and pump stations
,	Require or result in the construction of a expansion of existing facilities, the consenvironmental effects?	new st structio	form water drainage facilities or on of which could cause significant
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
: *1	The project involves new and expanded he EIR will evaluate the impacts of convater drainage facilities.	storm struction	n water drainage facilities. However on of new and expanded storm
d) F e	lave sufficient water supplies available ntitlements and resources, or are new	to ser or exp	ve the project from existing anded entitlements needed?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
T fa	he project proposes water service from acility availability form has been receive	the V	allecitos Water District. A project Vallecitos Water District that

The project proposes water service from the Vallecitos Water District. A project facility availability form has been received from Vallecitos Water District that indicates the district will serve the project providing conditions are met. The EIR will evaluate whether this large-scale development will require new or expanded water entitlements. The project is subject to California Water Code Section 10915 (referred to SB 221) and California Water Code Section 10631 (referred to

	as SB 610). The District must prepar water availability.	e a wa	ter assessment that demonstrates		
e)	Result in a determination by the waste may serve the project that it has adequate projected demand in addition to the project.	uate ca	Dacity to serve the project's		
	Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact		
	Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
14. 4.	The project proposes wastewater serving project facility availability form has been serve the project, if annexed and if conswhether this large-scale development with the project to determine whether this large-scale development with the project to determine whether this large-scale development with the project to determine whether this large-scale development with the project to determine whether this large-scale development with the project project and the project	n rece iditions will exc	ved that indicates the district will are met. The EIR will evaluate		
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient pe project's solid waste disposal needs?	ermitte	d capacity to accommodate the		
	Potentially Significant Impact	V	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
"(Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.				
g) C	comply with federal, state, and local sta caste?	tutes a	nd regulations related to solid		
	Potentially Significant Impact	V	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

Mitigation Incorporated

	Idlife species, cause a fish or ng levels, threaten to eliminate a er or restrict the range of a rare or		
V	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Γ	Potentially Significant Unless		

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. As a result of this evaluation, the project was determined to have potential significant effects. While mitigation has been proposed in some instances that reduce these effects to a level below significance, the effectiveness of this mitigation to clearly reduce the impact to a level below significance is unclear. Therefore, this project has been determined to potentially meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance, and an EIR will be prepared.

No Impact

Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects. While mitigation has been proposed in some instances that reduce these significant effects to a level below significance, the effectiveness of this mitigation to clearly reduce the impact to a level below significance is unclear. Therefore, this project has been determined to potentially meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance, and an EIR will be prepared.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

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ND0904\0408028-ISF

Notice of Completion and Environmental **Document Transmittal Form**

See NOTE Below Mail to: State Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 3044, Sacramento, CA 95812-3044--916/445-0613 1. Project Title: Merriam Mountains Specific Plan - GPA 04-06, SP 04-06, R04-013, TM 5381, S04-035, S04-036, S04-037, 2. Lead Agency: San Diego County, DPLU 3. Contact Person: Maggie Loy 3a. Street Address: 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B 3b. City: San Diego 3b. County: San Diego County 3d. Zip: 92123-1666 3e. Phone: (858) 694-3736 Project Location The 2,320 acre site is generally bounded by Interstate 15 (I-15) on the east, Deer Springs Road (S12) on the south, and Twin Oaks Valley Road on the west, with Gopher Canyon Road one mile to the north. 4. County: County of San Diego 4a. City/Community: North County Metro and Bonsall 4b. Assessor's Parcel Nos. many 4c. Section: 14 Twp: 11S/03W 5a. Cross Streets: see above San Bernardino Meridian 5b. For Rural, Nearest Community: City of Escondido 6. Within 2 Miles: a. State Hwy #: _I-15 b. Airports: None c. Railways: None Waterways: None 7. Document Type CEQA: 01. NOP 05. ☐ Supplemental/Subsequent EIR NEPA: 09. NOI 02. Early Cons OTHER: 13. Joint Document (Prior SCH No.: _____ 10.☐ FONSI 03. ☐ Neg Dec 14. Final Document 06.☐ NOE 04. Draft EIR 11. Draft EIS 15. Other_ 07.☐ NOC 12. ☐ EA 08. NOD 8. Local Action Type 01. General Plan Update 05. Annexation 09. Rezone 02. New Element 12. Waste Mgmt Plan 06.⊠Specific Plan 10. Land Division (Subdivision, 03. General Plan Amendment 13. ☐ Cancel Ag Preserve 07. ☐ Community Plan Parcel Map, Tract Map, etc.) 04. Master Plan 14. Reclamation Plan 08. Redevelopment 11. Use Permit 9. Development Type 01. ☐ Residential: Units 2,391 Acres 2,320 07. Mining: Mineral)2. Office: Sq. Ft.__ Acres__ Employees 08. Power:)3. Shopping/Commercial Type Watts Sq. Ft.___ Acres__12.9 Employees)4. Industrial: Sq. Ft. Acres Employees 09. Waste Treatment: Type_)5. Water Facilities: MGD 10. OCS Related)6. Transportation: Type 11. Other: 0. Total Acres 2,320 11. Total Jobs Created 2. Project Issues Discussed in Document Unknown 1.⊠ Aesthetic/visual -09. Geologic/Seismic 17. Social 2. Agricultural Land 25. Wetland/Riparian 10. Jobs/Housing Balance 18.⊠ Soil Erosion 19.☐ Solid Waste 3. Air Quality 26. Wildlife 11. Minerals 4. Archaeology/Historical 27. Growth Inducing 12. Noise 20. Toxic/Hazardous 5. Coastal Zone 28. Incompatible Land Use 13. Public Services 21. Traffic/Circulation 6. Economic 29. ☐ Cumulative Effects 14. Schools 22. Vegetation 7. Fire Hazard 30. ☑ Dark Skies 15. Septic Systems 23. Water Quality 3. ☐ Flooding/Drainage 31. Public Health and 16. Sewer Capacity 24. Water Supply 3. Funding (approx.) Safety Federal \$None State \$None Total \$None

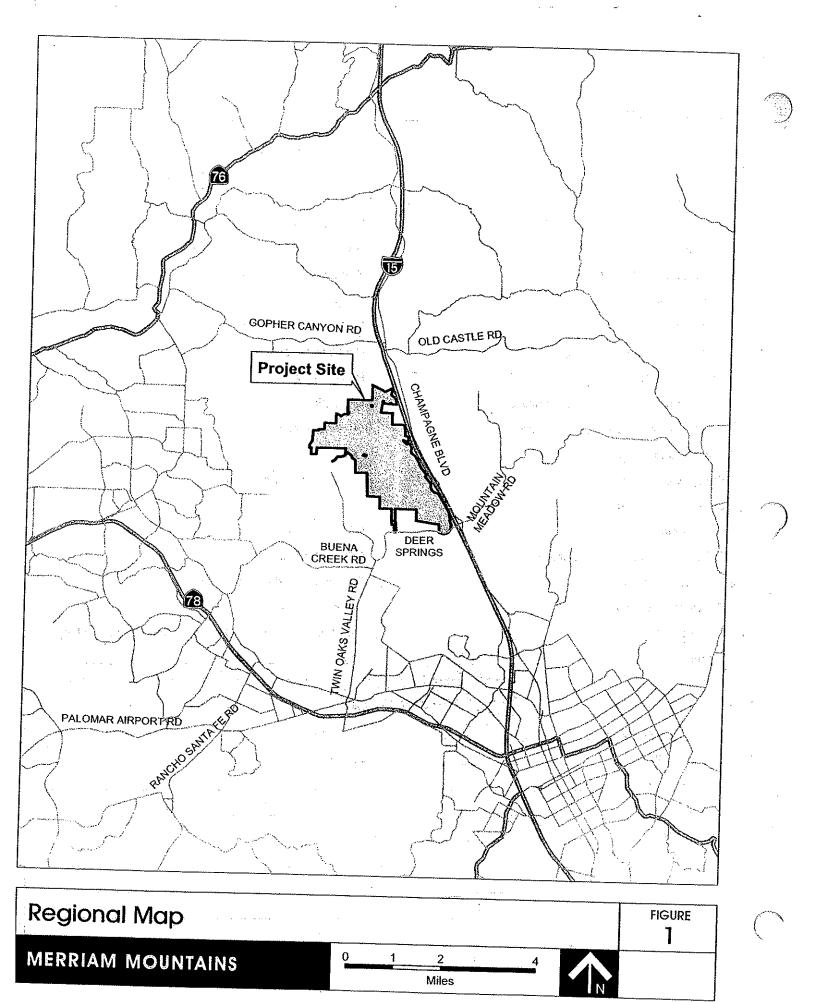
I. Present Land Use and Zoning: Various

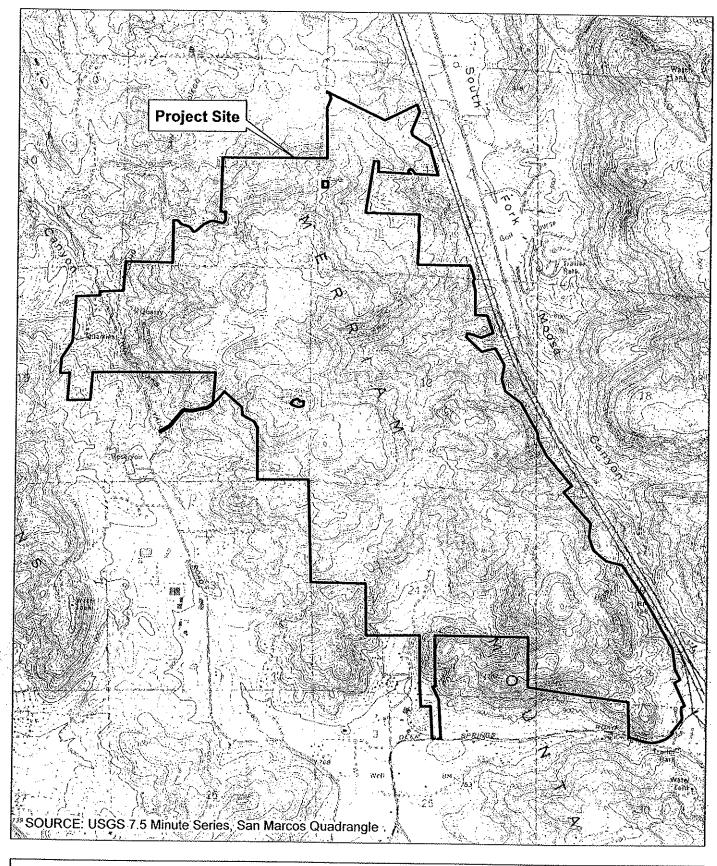
i. Project Description: Development of a master-planned community integrating residential, commercial, recreational and en space land uses, including a maximum of 2,391 dwelling units, 12.9 acres of neighborhood commercial, 24 private parks, public park, 21.3 miles of trails, and associated community facilities and infrastructure. Approximately 1,820 acres of open

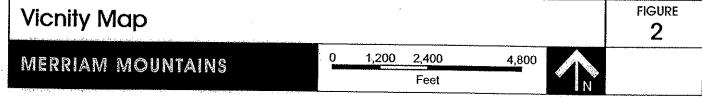
. Signature of Lead Agency Representative Magain Ley Date 9/27/04

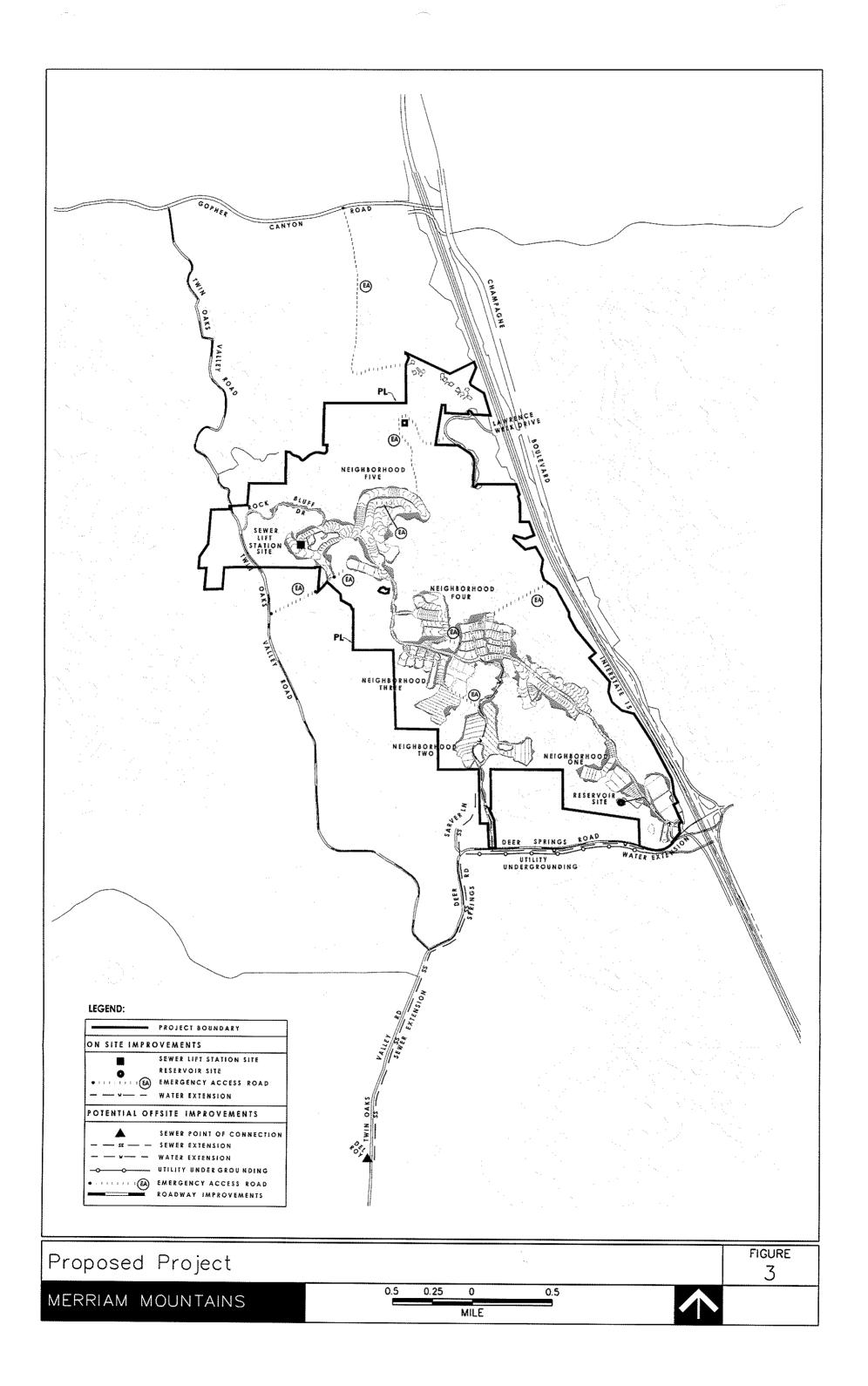
OTE: Clearinghouse will assign identification numbers for all new projects. If a SCH number already exists for a project (e.g., m a Notice of Preparation or previous draft document), please fill it in.

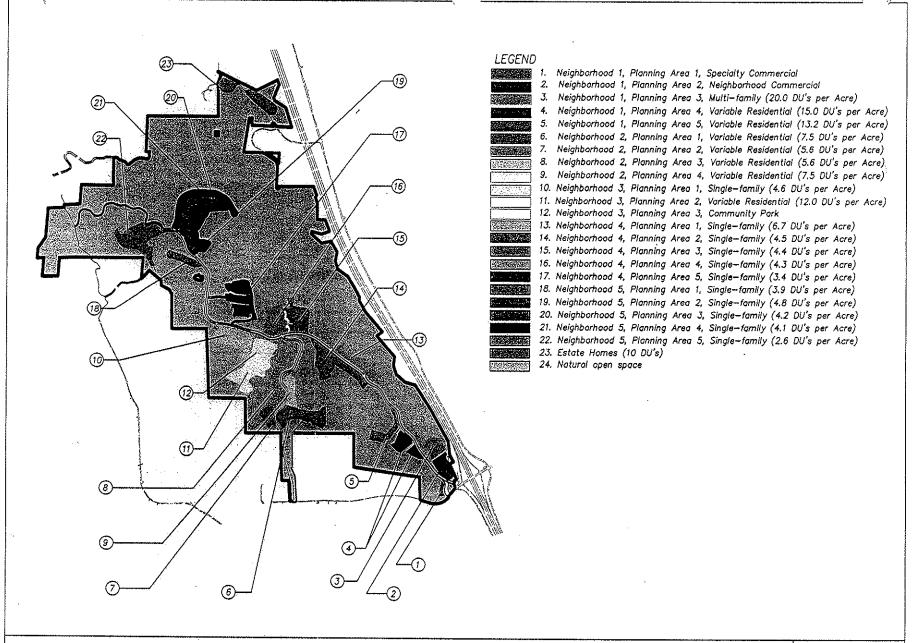
Reviewing Agencies		
☐ Resources Agency	☐ Caltrans District 11	
☐ Boating & Waterways	☑ Dept. Of Transportation Planning	
□ Conservation □	☐ Aeronautics	
☐ Fish and Game	California Highway Patrol	
Forestry	☐ Housing and Community Dev't	
Colorado River Board	☐ Statewide Health Planning	
☐ Dept. Water Resources	Health	
Reclamation	☐ Food and Agriculture	•
Parks & Recreation	☐ Public Utilities Commission	
☐ Office of Historic Preservation	☐ Public Works	4
	☐ Corrections	
S.F. Bay Cons & Dev't Commission	☐ General Services	
☐ Coastal Commission	□ OLA	
☐ Energy Commission	☐ Santa Monica Mountains	
☐ State Lands Commission	☐ TRPA	
☐ Air Resources Board	□ OPR - OLGA	
Solid Waste Management Board	☐ OPR - Coastal	
SWRCB: Sacramento	☐ Bureau of Land Management	
⊠ RWQCB: Region #9	☐ Forest Service	
☐ Water Rights	☑ Other: Conservation - Division of Mines and Geology	Ü
⊠ Water Quality	☐ Other	,
	For SCH Use Only:	
Date Received at SCH	Catalog Number	-
Date Review Starts	Applicant	 -
Date to Agencies	Consultant	_
Date to SCH		
Clearance Date	<u> </u>	_
Notes:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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Land Use Plan

FIGURE

4

MERRIAM MOUNTAINS

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